

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

In consequence of the early departure of the evening trains from Limerick, and the curtailment of the hour for posting to 7 p.m. at the General Post Office, it has been found necessary to issue the editions of the Chronicle at an earlier hour than hitherto. Advertisers will, therefore, please note that the latest hour at which advertisements can be received at this office on issue days is 3.30 p.m. Publication of any notices received after that hour cannot be guaranteed on that evening.

THE LIMERICK CHRONICLE

(ESTABLISHED 1766)

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1920

THE KINGDOM OF GREECE

The Kingdom of Greece is in mourning for its young King, whose sad death, the result of an accident, occurred this week. A few years ago he succeeded his father, ex-King Constantine and during his all-too-brief rule he enjoyed the affection and loyal support of his subjects. This is amply demonstrated by the message to the people from the Council of Ministers, which was issued on the death of King Alexander, and in which is observed that "what makes our sorrow more deeply felt is not only the youth of the deceased Sovereign, but also that he has not survived to reign over a Greece so considerably enlarged during his time." This is a touching tribute and is voiced in homely and simple terms, that bear the stamp of sincerity of expression and admiration for the young Ruler, whose reign had given promise of a bright future and further prosperity for his country. It will be recalled that M. Venizelos, the Premier who so ably guided the country's destinies during the late war, was the means of getting Alexander to ascend the Throne. Venizelos was thus enabled to solve the very difficult situation which had at that time arisen. And the wisdom of his selection has been justified by the wise and beneficent rule of the young King, who held the "strong man of Greece," as Venizelos is so justly termed, in the highest respect and personal regard. Furthermore, his late Majesty seems to have been singularly lucky in escaping from the whirl of politics, with all their distractions and complications, domestic or international. Indeed, at the outset he lost no time in indicating what his future course of action as King of Greece would be, for on the day he succeeded his father he is reported to have said—"My grandfather reigned over Greece for fifty years because he never interfered with politics. My father did the contrary and did not reign even five years. I intend doing what King George did," and as events proved he was happy in his choice. The question of succession has been quickly decided by the Government. Prince Paul,

LIMERICK SENSATION. LATE LORD MAYOR OF POLICE COM

PRISONER'S ATTEMPTED ESCAPE.

Firing in the Streets.

A scene of much excitement took place in the city yesterday evening following the attempt made by a prisoner in military custody to escape from his captors. Something about half-past three a military motor lorry drew up outside William street police barrack with two prisoners, Michael Scanlan, Kilmallock, and Timothy Crowley, Ballylanders, who were on the run and had been arrested the previous night in the Kilmallock district. Mr Crowley had been taken into the police station, and his fellow prisoner, although handcuffed, jumped from the lorry in the street, and made a dash for liberty. He ran through Little William street, which is in a line with the police station. Military and police opened fire on him as he sped along the narrow thoroughfare into Thomas street, where he took refuge in a house. After a search he was discovered in a secluded portion of the building in the basement. It is alleged by the police that in attempting to escape through a window fire was again opened on him, and he was wounded in the neck, right side, and abdomen. Although from ten to twelve shots were discharged at the prisoner in the course of the actual flight, he does not appear to have been struck. On being re-captured, Mr Scanlan was taken to William-street barrack, where he was medically treated, and his condition being critical a clergyman was sent for. In a few minutes the Rev Father Albert, O.F.M., arrived, and anointed the injured man, who was subsequently removed to the military hospital. At the time of the shooting the streets were crowded, it being fair day, and some people doing business in the vicinity had narrow escapes from the shots. At the first report of the discharge of firearms there was a panic in William-street and Lower O'Connell-street, people rushing in all directions for safety.

Patient Succumbs.

Mr Michael Scanlan, national teacher, who was shot while attempting to escape from military custody in a house in Thomas street, died in the military hospital at 7.45 last night, four hours after admission to the institution. It was found on examination of the patient at the hospital that his injuries were much more extensive than at first stated. He appears to have been wounded in the region of the heart, but the wound in the throat was, according to medical opinion, sufficient in itself to cause death.

No military enquiry has yet been held. This was the statement conveyed this evening from the military barracks when enquiries were instituted. It was, however, added that when the enquiry was held the result would be published in the ordinary course.

DUBLIN CASTLE STATEMENT.

The following statement was issued from Dublin Castle last night:—

"A school-teacher named Michael Scanlan escaped from custody outside William street barrack, Limerick, and was fired upon. He took refuge in a dwellinghouse, and while escaping from a window was again fired upon. He was re-captured, and taken to hospital seriously wounded."

The Funeral.

Republican Flag Removed from Coffin.

The remains were removed at 4 o'clock this evening from the military hospital, New Barracks. In O'Connell Avenue a large number of people congregated awaiting the remains, and when the motor car containing the coffin turned into the Avenue, the funeral formed up and passed slowly along. The coffin was covered with the Republican flag, but no incident occurred until the cortege turned into William street. After passing the central police station the motor-car was halted and the Republican flag removed and taken possession of by a military officer who took it to the New Barracks. The funeral then proceeded on its way through William street for Galbally where the interment will take place on Saturday.

LATE LORD MAYOR OF POLICE COM CORK. Inquest and Verdict.

Impressive Scene at Southwark Cathedral.

Yesterday the inquest on the Lord Mayor of Cork took place at Brixton Gaol. The jury found that death was caused by heart failure, consequent on refusal to take food.

The jury added that the prison officials carried out their duties under distressing circumstances to the best of their ability.

Mrs MacSwiney described her husband as an Irish Volunteer, and declared that he had no wish to die, and went on hunger-strike as a protest against his arrest, which said arrest was an offence against the law of the Irish Republic.

Dr Griffiths said that the late Lord Mayor had refused consistently to take food, which was administered while he was in an unconscious condition, but stated he would take food if he were released.

Body Removed to Southwark Cathedral.

Last evening the body was removed to Southwark Cathedral. The streets were thronged by respectful and even reverent crowds. Great throngs of people of all classes sought admission to the Church where the body was lying in state with a Volunteer guard of honour. The Requiem Mass took place to-day.

The Funeral Arrangements.

Yesterday's arrangements were that at two o'clock to-day the funeral procession would start across London for Euston Station on its way to Ireland. Numerous deputations from Ireland have arrived in London for the funeral obsequies. The "Freeman" says the remains will be conveyed by train to Westland row Station, and thence to the Pro-Cathedral, Marlboro' street, where Requiem Mass will be celebrated at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

At 1 p.m. they will be removed to Kingsbridge Station, where they will be entrained about 2 p.m. for Cork.

As announced by Mr Arthur Griffith, to-morrow will be observed as a day of national mourning. All business except essential services will be suspended, and all houses of amusement will, it is expected, be closed.

A Day of Mourning.

We have received official intimation, the "Freeman" adds, that it is the wish of the Sinn Féin leaders that, as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Lord Mayor of Cork and of Michael Fitzgerald and Joseph Murphy, Friday should be observed throughout Ireland as a day of national mourning.

It is expected that while essential services will be maintained, business will be suspended, and places of amusement and entertainment closed.

Irish Labour Party's Announcement.

The Irish Labour Party issued an announcement last night requesting workers generally to take part in the day of mourning. The notice adds, says the "Irish Times":—

"Exceptions to the general rule are to be made of the following trades, viz:—the preparation and distribution of essential foods, milk, bread, etc.; public health services, lighting, postal services, telegraphs and telephones, newspapers, railways and railway workshops.

"Dublin city tram services will be suspended between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m.; restaurants and hotels to be closed between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m.; licensed houses to be closed all day.

"In those industries where continued processes are necessary arrangements should be made to prevent dislocation."

PROCLAMATION IN LIMERICK

A proclamation by poster was distributed in the city this morning, signed by the Mayor (Councillor M. O'Callaghan), and Mr J. Carr, President of the Trades Council, calling upon the citizens to observe to-morrow as a day of national mourning. For this purpose it is suggested that all business should be suspended for the day, and that there should be an abstention from work on the part of the citizens.

Important

In the King's Ben Lord Chief Justice, Justice Fin gave judgment over from

In the case of T. J. Mayor and Corporal said the Lord Chief Justice, 1919, Nolan, a constable Polior, was a constable while in the Recorder award costs, as compensation County and the City appeal was taken, a increased the amount directed that that levied as in the first by each body being Council paid their last, but the Corpora pay any sum, the ex funds available. E tion stating that t claimed for compens as a most unjust if they declined to claims. The applico the Corporation, h rate for the purpose for a writ of mand way of showing cau Mr Murphy, Deput; he had no funds u poration applicabl decrees. It was oc that they were not deliberate refusal to had no funds in the available for the pu was argued by the to the provisions of Act, 1919, he was a amount had or had application was, thre Government (Irelan that the treasurer c to meet either a competent Court, a under his control, s are insufficient, o under his control, a extent of any such such treasurer in l forced against the Justice) did not th in the present case deliberately refuse levying the necessa he was unable to s the order absolute arose were of great they might desire tribunal, and he th an opportunity, if writ, and consequer should make it pe

In the case of T Dublin Metropolitan awarded £1,350 for at Ormond quay i Justice said that mandamus, but the order in Nolan's cas prior in point of tir

County

COLONEI

On the 11th Ju White obtained a Council of Clare a account of injuries charge of his dut Council had refuse the Ennis branch o an affidavit that a payment was mad money whatever t his bank which w the decree. The n bank had no mone Council, but con that he had no m of the decree. He not think that this tion since the pas therefore the order Mr Justice Gibb cured with the L judgment.